NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1895.—TWELVE PAGES.

PRICE THREE CENTS,

MR. GRIGGS OPENS FIRE. SIX MEN INSTANTLY KILLED.

CANVASS IN JERSEY CITY.

A COMPREHENSIVE AND MASTERLY ARRAIGN. OVER THE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR

John W. Griggs, the Republican candidate for Governor of New-Jersey, tast night opened his campaign and outlined its principles by speaking Bergen Hall, Jersey City,

The candidate's speech was a strong one, and his campaign w'll be aggressive throughout. It will be an attack and not a defence. That was shown by Mr. Griggs's speech, and was definitely told in the speech of Flavel McGee, who followed him. Hot warfare will be waged against all the manifold powers of evil in the Democratic party

The candidate for the highest office in the gift of Jerseymen last night pointed sternly to the black record made by the Democratic ringsters at Trenton, and he told his hearers that the campaign would be not only a Republican battle, but that it would also be the people's fight for the honest administration of the civil affairs of the State. Honesty in administration, the purging of foul places, retrenchment and reform-that was the platform on which John W. Griggs begins his fight for the Governorship of New-Jersey.

His arraignment of the bucksters of office, the bribe-takers and the bribe-givers, the bosses and the corrupt legislators in the Democratic party was severe, just and telling. He spoke by the record, and his audience knew it, and they applauded him to the echo.

TO RATIFY THE NOMINATION.

Last night's meeting was a ratification meeting, held under the auspices of the Wanser Club of Jersey City. Long before the time fixed for the first speech the hall was well filled with voters, among them being a number of independents ocrats. The audience entered the hall neath a shower of freworks discharged at the entrance, where was stationed a brass band playrated with the Stars and Stripes, and over the

At 8 o'clock the band filed into the gallery at the back of the hall, and behind the rear seats on the main floor many hearers had to be con-

Sheriff John J. Toffey presided. On the platform with him sat many of the vice-presidents of the meeting. The vice-presidents were:

Mayor Wanser, avel McGee. hn G. Kaiser, orge W. Harding, H. Hooker, derick Framhach, jr. omas McEwen, jr., ion H. Smith. H. L. Hotchkiss.

W. Collin,
O. Cole.
S. Baldwin,
El. Seymour,
Ienry Nutzhorn,
ohn R. Wiggins,
Iexander Dusenbury,
I. P. Landrine,
G. M. McCarthy,
M. E. Pier,
Elmer W. Demarest,
Michael Schultz, Jr.,
John Erwin,
Robert McAndrews,
Gilbert Collins,
John E. Halliday, Other well-known local Republicans, officials

and ex-officials, were in the hall

MR. GRIGGS LOUDLY CHEERED.

At 8:15 o'clock Mr Griggs appeared on the platform, and was enthusiastically cheered, n few well-chosen words the chairman then introduced the "candidate of the rank and file of the Republican party of New-Jersey."

Mr. Griggs is a spare man of middle height. He has a pale, strong face, and spoke last night and emphasized his words with the other. Toward the end of his incisive address, however, his gestures and voice became more emphatic. ADDRESS OF THE CANDIDATE.

Mr. Griggs's speech was substantially as fol-

In beginning now the active platform work of this campaign I feel a very grave sense of responsibility when I consider that I have to carry in the front the banner of the Republican party in this State. The cause is so important, the interests are so great and the necessity of victory is so imperative, that I feel I am peculiarly weighted with responsibility in endeavoring to proclaim before my fellow-citizens of New-Jersey those principles, those questions, those hopes, those aims and those promises upon which we rely for success in this campaign. And here at the outset I wish to say once and for all that we are going to fight this fight entirely and wholly upon its merits. (Applause.) We do not propose to induise in abuse of the opposing candidate. We shall rather rely upon the past record of that party which we oppose, and shall rely upon the sincerity of our own promises and upon the good faith which we hope to inspire between the people of this State and the Republican candidate. (Cheers).

of this State and the Republican canonace, (Cheers). While we shall not, as I have said, indulge in any improper reflections upon the candidate of the other party, it will be necessary, in the interests of truth and justice and good government, to expose, with feerlessness and with thoroughness, all those peculiar records of Democratic administration in this State during the last eleven years, by which it has brought the fair name of New-Jersey into disrepute, and has fendered the Democratic party, as an organization, an object of shame to all the respectable members of that party. (Appliance)

ALL DEMOCRATS NOT TO BLAME.

At the same time I want it to be distinctly un-derstood that we do not hold responsible all the members of the Democratic party for those administrative abuses it is our intention widely to always been a large majority of that party who have always disagreed with the impure policy of

sliways been a large majority of that party who have always disagreed with the impure policy of its leaders, who have fought against the ruinous course which they pursued, who have endeavored to course which they pursued, who have endeavored to prevent the mad rush of all those who were simply bent upon seizing political spoils. It has been well said by a high Democratic authority that there are perfectly and applause. Now, the downfall of the Democratic party in New, Jersey is due to the long course of events that News-Jersey is due to the long course of events that the province of the property of the downfall of the Democratic party in News-Jersey is due to the long course of events of Hudson County, to trace in detail the history of Hudson County, to trace in detail the history of the ascendency and the decline of the manipulators of the Democratic party in News-Jersey. You live of the Democratic party in News-Jersey. You live of the personal proposite to the city of New-York Well, here right opposite to the city of New-York Well, here right opposite to the city of New-York well, here right opposite to the city of New-York well, here right opposite to the city of New-York well, here right opposite to the city of New-York well, here right opposite to the city of New-York well, here right opposite to the city of New-York well, here had studied for a little while in the fammany bemocrats of New-York for the purpose of learning how to make and increase a majority, and after they had studied for a little while in the Tammany school they were able to say, in the Tammany school they were able to say, in the Tammany school they were able to say, in the Tammany school they were able to say, in the Say in the Tammany school they were able to say, in the Say in the Populary of India and the purpose of fraudulent bailots were counted many as \$600 fraudulent bailots were counted many as \$

TWO-THIRDS OF IT MANUFACTURED. Six years ago, on the Saturday night before the chairman of the Democratic State Committee declared that Hudson County would give the candidate of his party for the Governorship 12,000 major-ity-and, gentlemen, it did (cries of "Shame!" and hisses), and the Senate investigation which followed proved conclusively that 8,000 of that majority was fraudulenty manufactured. (Renewed hissing.) But we were never able to find out who in high authority planned this scheme of fraud; we only know that forty of these Democratic election offi-

HE MAKES HIS FIRST SPEECH OF THE GIANT POWDER EXPLODES IN A MINE NEAR LEADVILLE.

> TWO OTHER MINERS FATALLY INJURED-THE PROBABLE CAUSE OF THE EXPLOSION.

Leadville, Col., Sept. 26.-Sixty-five pounds of giant powder exploded this afternoon in the Belgian Mine in Adelaide Park, five miles from this city, killing six miners and fatally injuring two others. The six bodies were brought to the Morgue and were identified as follows: CLARK M'GINNIS, JOHN HAMILL, JAMES H. GRAY, EDWARD KUHENE CHRIS. PHILLIPS, JOHN BAGGS. JAMES H. GRAY,

Ten miners were at work in the drifts at the time, and it is believed that a miner carrying powder from one drift to another let it fall, and the explosion caused a cave-in. The six men were instantly killed. Help was sent from this city as soon as the news of the explosion was received, and the dead and injured men were heavenly to the surface.

brought to the surface.

The only miner who knows how the explosion occurred was brought to the city to-night so badly injured that he cannot talk and will die.

WATER FAMINE IN PENNSYLVANIA.

FACTORIES AND MINES SHUT DOWN-OVER 10,000 MEN IDLE.

Hazleton, Penn., Sept. 26.—The water famine prevailing here reached a climax to-day, when the trolley-cars stopped running, there not being enough water obtainable to run the dynamos. Several factories and collieries shut down on the

same account. Over 10,000 men are idle on account Shamokin, Penn., Sept. 26.-Roaring Creek ran dry to-day, and this place is confronted with the worst kind of a water famine. Unless immediate perpara-tions are made to purify the sulphur water, the mines wil the compeled to shut down at a cost of

thousands of dollars. DROUTH IN NORTH CAROLINA. Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 26.—The drouth continues all over the State, and reports coming in say that the

cotton crop is injured 32 per cent. The picking is going on rapidly. INQUEST IN THE CASE OF R. W. INMAN.

THE JURY FIND THAT THE CAPTAIN AND PHOT OF THE PERSEUS WERE GROSSLY

CARELESS-ARRESTS TO BE MADE. The drowning of Robert W. Inman, which curred through the sinking of his yacht Adelaide on the evening of August 26, after a collision with inquest last night by Coroner Schaffer at the Edgewater Village Hall, Staten Island. The jury found that Captain W. H. Hulse of the on steamboat, and his pilot, James Allen, showed coss carelessness. Warrants will be issued at once

District-Attorney Fitzgerald represented the peo-ple. The Inman family was represented by G Archibald Moore and E. H. Day. The Iron Steam-boat Company's interests were watched by a repre-sentative of Wingate, Cullen & Miller.

CORNELUS NEW YEAR BEGINS.

A LARGE INCREASE IN ATTENDANCE PRESIDENT

SCHURMAN'S ANNUAL ADDRESS. Ithaca, N. Y., Sept. 26.-Cornell University wa mally opened in all branches to-day. President Schurman, in his annual address, said that up to noon to-day there were 104 more new students redistered than at the same time last year. There are between 500 and 600 new students entering the university this year. This increase is in spite of the raising of the entrance requirements. not be completed until 1897. The president said that the increase was in every way gratifying to the officers of the university, and he was especially pleased at the fact of a large increase in students ming here from other colleges and universities. He spoke touchingly of the loss of Professor Oliver, which occurred last year, and also expressed deep who was to have taken Professor Officer's place in in the Superior Court to-day with a verdict of one the advanced work in mathematics. Dr. Ritter was cent damages. Martin Curlander and his wife visited

He then dwelt on the excesses which have crep into intercollegiate athletics, such as brutality in

into intercollegiate athletics, such as brutality in football, etc. On this point he said:

We at Cornell have decided to regulate the game and prohibit many games in large cities. Not brutality in football nor loss of time, but general lack of sportsmanship among those conducting them is the great danger to intercollegiate athletics. The desire for victory is too great. Sportsmanship is in playing for the sake of the game, and not for the sake of victory. Harvard and Cornell will play together this year. Here is a favorable chance for a display of sportsmanship in the games between the oldest and the youngest of American universities.

HALE AND HEARTY AT 108.

"UNCLE JOSIE" FIELD, OF MIDDLETOWN, N. CELEBRATES HIS BIRTHDAY.

Red Bank, N. J., Sept. 26.—Joseph Field is prohably the oldest person in New-Jersey. To-day he celebrated his 193d birthday. He is a Middletown farmer, and his appearance is that of a man about eighty years old. This morning he arose at 7 o'clock, and, as is his custom, he spent nearly an hour abo his farm before breakfast. He then prepared to receive callers, who visited him to tender their congratulations. About 10 o'clock he was driven to Red Bank by his son, Joseph, jr. This was the firs time he had been here in five years. "Uncle Josie" time he had been here in five years. "Uncle Josie" was driven up and down Broad and Front sts., and shook the hands of several hundred persons, many of them old acquaintances. He told a reporter that he felt good at heart, but had a weakness in his knees and that his eyesight was becoming poor. However, he did not wear eyeglasses and could see plainly. He returned home about 11:30 o'clock, when his friends heran to call upon him, and this was kept up all day. His appearance and heath generally are much better than they were a year ago. "Uncle Josie" is below the medium height and thin. His voice is strong and his hearing good. He says that he expects to vote next year for Fresident.

Lynn, Mass., Sept. 26.-Mary Gorham, Lynn's oldwas the progenitor of nearly a hundred children, grand, great and great-great grandchildren, over eighty of whom are living. Mrs. Gerham was born in Galway County, Ireland, in 1794.

Ringston, N. Y., Sept. 26.—Lightning struck the large icehouse of the Knickerbocker Ice Company, just below East Kingston, early this morning, and the building was consumed. It was an immense structure, having a capacity of over twenty thousand tons of ice. The engine house was also destroyed.

Chamber of Commerce this morning. The following officers were elected: O. A. Howland, Toronto international president; L. E. Cooley, Chicago, United States vice-president; James Fisher, Winni-United States vice-president; James F.sher, Winnipeg, Canadian vice-president; Executive Board-A, J. Crocker, Minnespolis; F. A. Flower, Superon, Wis.; Captain J. S. Dunham, Chicago; James Connell, Port Arthur; H. E. Seymour, Sault Ste. Marie; R. H. Dobell, Quebec; T. H. Canfield, Burlington, Vt.; D. M. Smith, Toledo; S. Stephenson, Menominee, Mich.; E. C. O'Brien, New-York; A. P. McGuirk, Davenport, Iowa; E. V. Smalley, St. Pau., A. H. Burke, Duluth; Don M. Dickinson, Detroit, Ryerson Ritche, Cleveland; F. J. Hearne, Wheeling, and G. H. Anderson, Pittsburg.

Step into a Crawford Shoe Store and examine the make and quality of a Crawford Shoe at \$5.00, \$5.00 or even \$4.00. Broadway, cor. 14th-st.—Advt.

HOW TO INVEST PENSION MONEY.

PROPERTY THUS PURCHASED DECREED BY JUDGE

PARKER TO BE EXEMPT FROM TAXATION. Kingston, Sept. 26 (Special).-The question of the exemption from taxes of property of veteran sol purchased with pension money, has just been decided in the affirmative by Judge Alton B. Parker at Special Term here. The relator is George Coddington, who sues the Assessors of the town of Gardiner, Ulster County. This is said to be the first time that the question whether real estate bought with pension money is subject to taxation has ever come squarely before the courts of this

There seems to be no recent statute on the subject, but the exemption is based on an old law. The revised statutes exempt all property which is exempt from execution, and the Code holds bounty and pension funds to be so exempt. Court of Appeals has held that property bought with pension money is exempt from execution. The city Assessors have acted on this theory, but some of the towns have placed such property on their assessment rolls. Judge Parker says:

The Court holds that if all the money with which the land was purchased was received by the owner from the United States Government for pension or bounty money walls he was a non-commissioned officer, private or musician such property is exempt from taxation.

There being some dispute as to the facts, however, a writ of review was granted to determine

VIOLATING SEALING REGULATIONS.

CANADIAN VESSELS REPORTED TO BE CARRYING UNSEALED ARMS.

San Francisco, Sept. 25 (Special).-The Federal officials here have learned that British sealing vessels in Behring Sea are carrying arms in open will be brought to the attention of the State Department and complaints will be lodged with the British Government. If the stories of American aptains are to be believed, Canadian schooners are violating every clause of the regulations. It is said that the Attorney-General will take steps to obtain exidence to lay before the English officials. Th latest story is told by Captain Folger. latest story is told by Captain Folger, of schooner Edward D. Webster, now here. He se that he visited many British vessels in Behring is and saw on every one arms and ammunition sealed and ready to use. He reports that English scalers said that they would use are without fear of the consequences. Captain Fol-will make affidavits stating the facts, and charges will be specific against the Canadian v-sels Marvin, Carlotta, E. Cox and Anna E. Pint

MYSTERIOUS RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

A GLOBE SMASHED AND A MAN WOUNDED, BU NOBODY KNOWS HOW IT HAPPENED.

Passengers on the Eric Railroad theatre train which left Chambers-st, at 11:20 o'clock Wednesday night were surprised to hear a loud report, like as explosion, as the train passed through Rutherford At the time of the report one of the globes in the last car was smashed into fragments, and a moment one of the passengers said that he had be The sleeve of his coat was saturated with blood. A doctor, who happened to be on the train examined the wound, which was an irregular gash, and said that an artery had been severed. who gave his name as T. Rogowitz, a butcher, got off at Passaic, where he lives, and went to the Emergency Hospital. His wound was dressed and

The theory of some of the passengers on the train was that a projecting piece of timber from a passing freight train had struck the car in which the man was hurt and the globe broken, but when the car was examined in the yard yestering there was rot a scratch on it. Arother theory is that a built was fired through the car window, but if that were the case Rozowitz's wound would not have been ragged. There is a profound mystery ghout the affair. The theory of some of the passengers on the train

ONE CENT DAMAGES, A WEEK'S TRIAL.

MR. CURLANDER'S WIFE WAS COMPELLED TO RIDE BACKWARD IN A PULLMAN ST. SEPTNG-CAR.

Followers, Sept. 26.-An interesting suff terminated successor to Dr. Retter. Professors Collins and Curlander III. A sympathizing passenger, who had butchins, who had been in the Law School faculty purchased a section through to Chicago, but left the purchased a section through the case of the control of the con Hutchins, who had been in the Law School faculty since it was founded, would be missed, he said.

The president announced that Professor Wheeler had received a leave of absence to be professor of Greek in the American Classical School at Athens for the coming year. Professor Louis Byer, an American, and an old Harvard man, has been brought from Oxford to take his place.

The last topic in the address was athletics. On this subject the president said:

Cornell athletics in one sense are in a bad way. The defeats of this year should bring with them great good, in that we shall measure our deserts by our achievements; make no boast, or even promise, until we have actually achieved.

RAIN COMES AS A SAVIOR.

THE QUEBEC FOREST FIRES OUT-GOVERNMENT AID MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOME-

LESS AND DESTITUTE Arthabaska, Quebec, Sept. 26.—The forest fires continued unabated all night and until early this continued unabated all night and until early this morning, when rain fortunately began falling, the flames having crept up uncomfortably close to the village. At Bullstrode 200 men had to work unceasingly to save that place from destruction. Thousands of cords of valuable pulp and other wood were destroyed. At St. Valtere the fire did great demage, a dozen bulldings, including Bouvet's mill and a number of dwellings, being destroyed.

Three Rivers, Quebec, Sent. & The heavy rain Three Rivers, Quebec, Sept. 26.-The heavy rain last night, in extinguishing the forest fires, has re-lieved all apprehensions of further danger. As reports come in from time to time, the extent of the calamity is more clearly seen. Hundreds of families are left on the roadside without shelter or sustenance. The clergy and others are doing what they can to relieve the distress, but Government assistance will have to be given.

Egg Harbor City, N. J., Sept. 26.-There was a heavy fail of rain last night, and this morning people were relieved to find that the forest fires

Deer Isle, Me., Sept. 26,-Mrs. Violet Haskell, who place, was found dead in the woods by the roadside yesterday afternoon. She had undoubtedly com-

mitted suicide. A revolver was found lying on her breast. A builet had entered the right temple. Soon after the account of her bigamous marriage was published she returned here with her child. Since then she had remained with Haskell, her legitimate husband, who is still ill. She said that she thought Haskell was dead when she married Brister.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 26.-Information was redeath at Indian Lake, in the Adirondacks, on Tuesthis place. Nyles went to the Casey Hotel at noon and retired about 9 p. m. He was found in a wardrobe in his room, dead, with blood oozing from his mouth and nose. No marks of violence appeared on his body. It is known that he had a large sum of money on his person when he went to the hotel. He was about forty years old, and had only one relative, a sister, Mrs. Helen Deuell, of this village.

Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 26.-A week ago announce-Watkins The ceremony was to have been per-formed at the home of the bride's mother yesterday ceremony came and passed, but the bringgroom and the minister did not appear. When the truth fully dawned on the wedding assemblage there was intense excitement. The prospective bride fainted from disappointment. Her mother sought legal advice and began proceedings for breach of promise. The girl was in bed yeaterday, having been prostrated by the shock. On Sunday night Orr left the house, proclaiming his love for Miss Wright, and saying that it would be only two snort days before their wedding.

DURRANT'S SIDE PRESENTED. M'GILL THEIR CANDIDATE. PLANNING FOR FUSION.

ANOTHER MOVEMENT FOR AN ANTI-TAM-ALLEGED MURDERER. MANY ALLIANCE.

CONFERENCE OF A NUMBER OF LEADERS PROMI-NENT IN LAST FALL'S WORK-THE STATE

Unusual efforts are being made by men who were influential in the reform movement of last | rant case to unite the reform organizations in this city for another campaign against Tammany this fall. A movement was started yesterday which may lead to the formation of another Committee of Seventy. Charles Stewart Smith, who was the leading spirit in the old Committee of Seventy, and was chairman of its Executive Committee, has had conferences with the Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst and other reformers lately, and invited a number of them to meet him and take luncheon at the Lawyers' Club, in the Equitable

Building, early yesterday afternoon. The invited guests of Mr. Smith were Dr. Parkracy; Elihu Root, Cornelius N. Bliss and General Samuel Thomas, of the anti-Platt Republicans; Carl Schurz and Jacob H. Schiff, of the law-abiding wing of the German-Americans; R. Fulton Cutting, James W. Pryor, George M. Cassatt and Henry R. Kunhardt, of the Good Government

There was a full and free discussion of the political situation at the luncheon, but the men who were present later declined to tell exactly what plans had been formed for a union of the reform organizations. They said that the luncheon had been a purely informal affair, and there had been no attempt to secure the attendance of the representatives of all of the reform organizations at a conference, or else representatives of the O'Brien Democrats and of the Independent County Organization would have been invited.

Mr. Smith and Mr. Pryor went to the Depart ment of Public Works to have an interview with the Deputy Commissioner in the absence of Mr. Brookfield. As Mr. Smith was going uptown he said to a Tribune reporter: "It is too early to say anything yet, but I will make no secret of the fact that I am working for fusion." Mr. Pryor, when asked if there was a movement to form another Committee of Seventy, said it was not possible to tell what might occur, as plans for a union of the reform organizations had not been

NO ALLIANCE WITH TAMMANY

Mr. Fairchild said: "The State Democracy will form no combination with Tammany. We made that plain at the convention in Syracuse. As to a possible union with other anti-Tammany organizations, it is too early to speak yet, but we are willing to hear what they have to say on the

Dr. Parkhurst said that he feared that the excise question could not be kept out of the local campaign and it might be the means of prevent ing a combination of all of the reform organizations this falt. He had tried to make plain to some Germans the fact that they were confusing the enforcement of the law with the law itself, but a number of Germans still took the position that they ought to disobey the law which they thought interfered with their personal liberty. "Tals willingness to break the law instead of waiting for its amendment," Dr. Parkhurst said, "has aroused the prejudices of the temperance people, and aroused law-abiding people generally to a perception that the excise question is the allimportant one. And the net result for the Germans will be, I fear, a reactionary tendency to into this question I shall go in with all my n

THE GOOD GOVERNMENT CLUB TICKET. The sub-committee of the Good Government clubs met again in the office of R. Fulton Cutting, at No. 32 Nassau-st., yesterday and had a long talk, but apparently did not come to any decision as to candidates for a local ticket. Late in the afternoon it was announced that the committee would meet again to-morrow afternoon. The convention of the Good Government clubs will be held in the United Charities Building, at Fourthave, and Twenty-second-st., on Monday evening, and the committee is expected to make a report at that convention upon a local ticket. In view of the efforts to secure a union of all reform organizations, however, the Good Government Club men may decide not to take action on Monday evening, which would prevent such fusion.

Herman Ridder said yesterday that there would be no meeting of the German-American Reform Union until next week, and it would be impossible to tell before such a meeting if the organization would join with other reform organizations in forming a local ticker. He declined to discuss the situation further.

Anti-Platt Republicans in the city yesterday said that the prospects for fusion this fall had been made brighter by the action of the Democratic State Convention in compelling the State Democracy to boit. Edward Lauterbach and other machine Republicans said they thought the outlook was for a straight Republican ticket, but they were less positive on that subject than they had been. Mayor Strong would only say that he believed a fusion ticket would win.

Corporation Counsel Scott, when asked for his opinion, said: "There will be more plans for local tickets than one could shake a stick at within the next week. It is not safe to say much until some of the plans are presented. At present the State Democracy has no plans. We shall wait and see what some of the other organizations do." talk, but apparently did not come to any decision

THE LEXINGTON COACHING CLUB.

Albany, Sept. 28.-The Lexington Coaching Club vas incorporated to-day to make coaching trips in and about the counties of Kings, Queens, Westchester and Richmond. Its clubhouse is to be in New-York City. The directors are John H. Gunner, Richard Hinchilffe, Henry C. Adec. Isador P. Oben-dorfer and Alonzo L. Mason, of New-York.

MAYOR STARKWEATHER OUSTED

Madison, Wis., Sept. 26.—The Supreme Court to-day confirmed the action of the Superior City Counil in ousting Mayor Starkweather from office. The ength, and concludes that the evidence shows that Mayor Starkweather was guilty of extorting money from city employes to reimburse him for campaign expenses. The money was collected by others, and the Mayor said that he was informed that it was voluntarilly given

WORKERS AMONG THE COLORED PEOPLE. Washington, Sept. 26 .- At the opening of the third whom he welcomed as one of their own bishops, having a diocese of his own and exerting Episcopal

authority over communicants of his own The discussion of the question, "What shall we ask of the General Convention?" begun yesterday was resumed, and concluded. In the course of the discussion the action of Bishop Penick, general agent of the Church Commission, was sharply criticised by several speakers. They took special umbrage over his labors to show by Government statistics the extent of crime among the colored people. He received a salary of \$2,500 and \$900 for expenses, it was said, and the opinion was expressed that he ought to talk more about money to keep out crime. It was also thought that men of their own color would be better collectors of funds than Hishop Penick.

A committee of five was consistent. agent of the Church Commission, was sharply crit-

4,000 REAMS TYPEWRITER PAPERS. Special sale at low figures. Sample book on appli-cation. American Writing Machine Company, 237 Broadway (corner Park Place). Advt

THE DEFENCE SUCCEEDS IN HAVING THE MEDI-CAL COLLEGE ROLLCALL ADMITTED-EF-FORTS TO CONNECT THE REV. MR.

San Francisco, Sept. 26.—The defence in the Durtook up the important question of the rollcall at the lecture in the Cooper Medical College on the afternoon of the murder. It is on this that Durrant mainly relies for his alibi-This lecture began at 3:30 and continued until 4:15. was a few minutes after 3 when Miss Lamont left the school from which, in the company of a young man supposed to be Durrant, she went to Emmanuel Church, She entered the church about five minutes after the adjournment of the leand the rollcall was made at the close of the In view of these facts, it is vital for the defence to show the presence of Durrant at the college at that time. It produced two witnesses on this point to-day. One of these was Dr. William F. Cheney; who delivered the lecture. He testified hurst, representing the City Vigilance League; as to the subject, which was "Intants' Food," and Charles S. Fairchild, leader of the State Democ- said the rule to call the roll was followed at its He had made an investigation to verify suit of this was not admitted. An ineffectual effort was made to get into evidence an opinion from the Doctor as to whether or not Durrant was presvented. He did say, however, that in his opinion the rollcail was generally correctly kept. He denied that there was such confusion in his class as to interfere with proper calling of the roll. The roll, he said, was carefully guarded, as it was material in arriving at the standing of students.

Gray, who called the roll at the college, identified the rollcall of April 3 as shown in his book as one he had transferred from a reco at the time of the lecture. The original entry had been made on a leaf dated March 31. Three or four days later, Gray, at the suggestion of Dr. Cheney. copied the roll on the page dated April 3 and de stroyed the original record, which was made in lead

A vigorous fight was made against the introduction of the rollcall, but it was admitted. The prosecution tried to discredit the rollcall by showing that frequently students answered for each other The settlement of this question of the introduction of testimony went over until to-morrow. The admission or rejection of this testimony will influence the case largely, as the prosecution relies on it to show that the custom of the college was unfavorable to a trustworthy rollcall and that another student might have answered for Durrant. The Court intimated that such testimony would be allowed to impeach the trustworthiness of the roll. It was shown that there were seventy-four students in the class to which Dr. Cheney lectured, and that ten were marked absent.

The defence put on three detectives to testify to matters about the door to the tower and about the shoe, with a bloodstain on the sole, belonging to shoe, with a bloodstain on the sole, belonging to Gibson, which was found in his study the morning after the finding of Minnie Williams's body, was produced and feintfied as having been among six shoes in the study. show that the custom of the college was unfavorable

shoes in the study.

The door leading to the church tower with marks supposed to have been made with a chisel was supposed to have been made with a chisel was shown in court. The blade of the chisel did not completely fit the marks in the door, and some of the detectives were not sure that they had not been made with a fimmy. The marks were such as might have been made with an edged instrument like a jimmy, as well as with a chisel. One of these marks had been varnished, which indicated that it was made before the murders. There was also a mark in the door as though made with a hammer. The hammer and chisel, which it is thought were used in the making of these marks, were placed in evidence. They came from Mr. Gibson's toolbox, always kept open in his never-closed study. The object of their introduction by the defence was to add to the material for connecting Mr. Gibson, at least by innuendo, with the crime.

A NOTABLE ASSEMBLAGE OF NEGROES. OVER 1,200 DELEGATES AT THE BAPTIST CON-

VENTION AT ATLANTA. Atlanta, Sept. 25 .- What is perhaps one of the most notable gatherings of negroes ever held in America is that in progress in the Friendship Bap-

tion of the United States is represented. The occasion of the gathering is the Colored Baptists' Foreign Convention, and the low railroad rates on account of the exposition have proved sufficient to make the attendance unusually large. There are already over twelve hundred delegates. Three large associations are represented—the National Baptists, the Baptists' Foreign Missions and the Baptists, the Baptists Foreign Missions and the Baptists' Educational Association—and it was this that was the feature of to-day's session. A resolution was adopted to consolidate the three and elect a chairman and a committee to draft plans for the future operation of the body. This will be done

to-morrow.

The officers of the mission convention are as follows: President, E. C. Morris, Arkansas; vice-presidents, one from each State; secretary, Dr. S. T. Clanton, New-Orieans; treasurer, Dr. F. K. Love, Savannah; corresponding secretary, the Rev. J. L. Dart, Charleston, S. C. The Executive Board is the same as the Board of Missions at Richmond.

FOR AN IRISH REPUBLIC.

THE CONVENTION IN CHICAGO RESOLVES TO

National Convention this afternoon to an organizaence of Ireland and the establishment of a republic by a policy of physical force. The ashes of the Fenian Brotherhood are rekindled, the National League is buried from sight, and in its place rises the Irish National Allance of the World. Incidentally, too, the Irish Parliamentary party is repudiated and henceforth will be deprived of the abundant revenues which have been contributed from this country for its support. For the next two years at least New-York City will be the seat of operations of the new movement. William Lyman, a wealthy Irish-American, of that city, has been selected as the first president of the Alliance, with authority to appoint a secretary of his own choice. The plan of operations adopted provides for a central council with authority to issue charters for State organizations. Membership is limited to people of Irish birth or descent, who shall pledge themselves to aid in the liberation of Ireland by any means "consistent with the laws and usages of civilized nations." The plan closely resembles that of the old Fenian Brotherhood. This evening the convention adjourned sine die.

The resolutions, which were adopted amid great the Irish National Alliance of the World, Inci-

The resolutions, which were adopted amid great

cheering, are as follows: cheering, are as follows:

Resolved, That we earnestly protest against the continued incarceration in English prisons of Irish patriots. That we consider it a shame and against the policy of civilized nations to keep in prison men who have acted only in the interest of their country and human liberty; and that the release of these men is imperatively demanded, not only by the Irish people, but by civilization.

Resolved, That this convention expresses the hope that the people of Cuba, who are struggling for political independence and the establishment of a Republic, will be successful, and that we extend to them our heartfelt sympathy.

Republic, will be successful, and that we extend to them our heartfelt sympathy.
Resolved, That this convention, recognizing the importance to the Irish Nation of preserving the importance to the Irish Nation of preserving the innuage, literature and music of the people, commends the work now being done by the Gaelic League and the National Literary Society in Irainand, and by the Gaelic societies of this country, and earnestly trusts our people will give them hearty co-operation and generous support.

Resolved, That this convention recommends the formation of military companies wherever practicated in order to foster and preserve the military spirit of the Irish race and to be prepared for action in the hour of England's difficulty.

"UNITED IRELAND" ON THE CONVENTION. Dublin, Sept. 26.-"United Ireland," referring to cago, says it rejoices that Irishmen have not aban loned the idea of using physical force to secure justice for Ireland. They will have to put this idea into practice some day, it adds, and the sooner they prepare to do so the better.

Albany, Sept. 26.-It was officially announced to day that the State officers had ratified the transfer and assignment by John E. Milholland, of New-York, to James R. Ruso, of the Weed-Parsons Company, of this city, of the contract for legislative printing from October 1 next. This contract was printing from October 1 next. This contract was recently awarded to Mr. Milholland as against "The Argus" Company after a long fight before the courts and the State Printing Board. Yesterday afternoon negotiations were practically consummated for the transfer, but the papers were executed to-day. It is announced that Mr. Ruso has made a contract with "The Argus" Company and that he will withdraw from or buy out the Weed-Parsons Printing Company, and combine it with "The Argus" plant.

ATTEMPTS TO PROVE AN ALIBI FOR THE NOMINATED FOR GOVERNOR BY NEW-

JERSEY DEMOCRATS.

THE DELEGATES FORGOT TO CHEER WHEN THE RESULT OF THE BALLOTING WAS ANNOUNCED

-A CONVENTION REMARKABLE FOR ITS GLOOM AND THE OBVIOUS DESPAIR OF

REMAIN ON THE BENCH.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Trenton, N. J., Sept. 26 .- Out of a purgatory of humidity, made wearier by a slow chairman, the Democratic State Convention this afternoon evolved the nomination of Chancellor Alexander T. McGill for Governor of New-Jersey. The decision of the old bosses to name the Chancellor was carried out with a fidelity which proves that their grip is unshaken, and the convention was unanious at the end. The last Cutler delegate was a man from Union, but even he came in, and the chairman was accurate when ne said the choice was unanimous. Everybody forgot to cheer until

later on, when the chairman made the announce-



plause corrected the omission. The delegates were ready to be enthusiastic for anybody or anything, but they did not have much chance, and the persacted showed that the assurances of victory made by the speakers were not their personal be lief. The fact is, the nomination was believed to be eminently the correct thing for the convention to do, and it was as void of enthusiasm as is usual when Democratic conventions do what they think they ought to instead of what they would like

At the end a Union County delegate asked the convention to declare that Chancellor McGill should personally "lead the Democratic hosts," but he was ignored. That was the source of real trouble, the canker that was eating the hearts of the delegates, for it became known that the Chancellor would stick to his present office, and this would preclude him from taking any part in the campaign. This is regarded as a practical ad mission that defeat is expected, and it disheartens Democrats more than anything else, even the confidence of their opponents and the depressior

of their own leaders.

THE OLD BOSSES ON HAND. The convention was interesting, in spite of its general dulness, the terrific heat and the lame way in which its business was conducted. Its contrast with past conventions was striking. The prob ability of defeat was apparent to all, and it was hard work to keep up a show of lively spirits. The hints that had been given out of a possible rebellion against the bosses utterly failed to be real-

ized. Alian L. McDermott was again in evidence, Gloucester City gambling places; Colonel Price, the agent of the Essex bosses; Prosecutor Gour ley, of Paterson; "Bob" Davis of Hudson, and the rest of the ring which has heretofore been in control.

1,929 delegates had been admitted to the hall after some delay. The delegates filled the body of the house, but the spectators were compara tively few, and nothing like the vast crowd at the Republican Convention was seen. Mr. McDer mott made a speech, which is unusual in the chairman of the State Committee, attacking the Republican candidate for Governor, Mr. Griggs, as a corporation man, and entering into a defence of the State Committee, of which he has been chief, and from which he announced that he

been chief, and from which he announced that he would now resign.

Samuel Kalisch, of Newark, was made temporary chairman, and Joseph L. Naar and exsenator M. T. Barrett secretaries, Mr. Kalisch has been known as an independent Democrat lately, but he signalized his re-entrance into the fold by making a regular party speech. Much of it was directed to racetrack legislation, asserting that the sin which the Democracy had perpetuated really originated with Secretaries Sewell, Hobart and Gardner, Republicans, some fiften years ago. There was not much applause for this part of the speech, nor did the convention at any time show sympathy with the racetrack agitation. The speaker lauded Democracy in general, but declined to take the hint of a delegate, who asked him please to name Governor Werts. Mr. Kalisch thought the Republican nomination was due to the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Raliroad, because the candidate has been employed in law cases by that company. The committees were appointed when Mr. Kalisch had finished, and an adjournment was taken for an hour

AN UNFORTUNATE CHAIRMAN.

The delegates were stripped of their coats when the convention reassembled, and they bore up wonderfully well under the tremendous heat, Senator Daly, of Hudson County, came forward with the report of the Committee on Permanen Organization. He was greeted with "Hello, Bill Daly!" and received three cheers. He is the pleture of a Tammany politician, and not an at-tractive figure, but he is popular with a large fol-lowing. Mr. Daly reported in favor of Judge Howard Carrow, of Camden, as chairman, and ex-Senator Barrett, J. J. Matthews and Francis B.

Lee as secretaries.

Judge Carrow was beckoned to the front of the stage from the wings, where he stood in waiting, and he proceeded to make a speech, predicting the success of the party. He attacked the address of Temporary Chairman Pitney, of the Republican Convention, and urged the party to let Democrats repair the evils of Democratic administration. One sentence left his heagers in sad doubt. It was his assertion that the Democratic Governors had been distinguished for every private as well as every public virtue. Lee as secretaries. cratic Governors had been distinguished for every private as well as every public virtue. Whether this was a bit of sarcasm or only the usual campaign rhetoric still remains a mystery. Ex-Assemblyman Thomas F. Lane, who holds a place in the Treasury Department in Washington, read the platform. A resolution thanking Allan L. McDermott for his services as chairman of the State Committee was adopted by a rising vote. The platform itself is a long document and, from the use of much turgid rhetoric and the fact that it was printed and distributed long before it was reported, it is supposed to be the work of

was reported, it is supposed to be the work of Mr. McDermott himself.

Committee named then and there, but it was postponed and nominations for Governor were called for. Burlington County presented Judge Clifford Stanley Sims and withdrew him in the same breath, and Cumberland County did the same for ex-Senator Baker, although the speaker declared that "the Macedonian cry had went forth" for him. Camden County, represented by "Billy" Thompson, turned over its privileges to Senator Daly, of Hudson. The Senator has a real video and a vigorous manner which have meat voice and a vigorous manner, which was taken by the convention as sufficient excuse for mixing up dates, names, words, men and grammar in inextricable confusion. Dr. Thomas Dunn English, the author of "Hen Holt," now far pact.